Crastin® HR5330HF NC010

THERMOPLASTIC POLYESTER RESIN

Common features of Crastin® thermoplastic polyester resin include mechanical and physical properties such as stiffness and toughness, heat resistance, friction and wear resistance, excellent surface finishes and good colourability. Crastin® thermoplastic polyester resin has excellent electrical insulation characteristics and high arc-resistant grades are available. Many flame retardant grades have UL recognition (class V-0). Crastin® thermoplastic polyester resin typically has high chemical and heat ageing resistance.

The good melt stability of Crastin® thermoplastic polyester resin normally enables the recycling of properly handled production waste.
If recycling is not possible, we recommend, as the preferred option, incineration with energy recovery (-24 kJ/g of base polymer) in appropriately equipped installations. For disposal, local regulations have to be observed.

Crastin® thermoplastic polyester resin typically is used in demanding applications in the electronics, electrical, automotive, mechanical engineering, chemical, domestic appliances and sporting goods industry.

Crastin® HR5330HF is a 30% glass reinforced PBT with high flow (HF), moderately toughened, hydrolysis resistant (HR) resin. Excellent balance of properties between terminal pullout and impact resistance. Developed for USCAR Class 3 and 4 environments.

Product information

Resin Identification	PBT-I-GF30	ISO 1043
Part Marking Code	>PBT-I-GF30<	ISO 11469

Rheological properties

Melt volume-flow rate	8	cm^3/10min	ISO 1133
Temperature	482	°F	
Load	4.76	lb	
Viscosity number	2630	in^3/lb	ISO 307, 1628
Intrinsic viscosity	0.8		ISO 307, 1628
Molding shrinkage, parallel	0.3	%	ISO 294-4, 2577
Molding shrinkage, normal	1.0	%	ISO 294-4, 2577
Postmolding shrinkage, normal, 48h at 80°C	0.2	%	ISO 294-4
Postmolding shrinkage, parallel, 48h at 80°C	0.05	%	ISO 294-4
Flow length	13.8	in	
Flow length - pressure	11600	psi	
Flow length - width/thickness	0.0787	in	

Typical mechanical properties

Tensile modulus	1.23E6	psi	ISO 527-1/-2
Tensile stress at break, 5mm/min	18100	psi	ISO 527-1/-2
Tensile strain at break, 5mm/min	3.2	%	ISO 527-1/-2
Flexural modulus	1.09E6	psi	ISO 178
Flexural strength	29000	psi	ISO 178
Charpy impact strength, 23°C	33.3	ftlb/in^2	ISO 179/1eU
Charpy notched impact strength, 23°C	6.18	ftlb/in^2	ISO 179/1eA
Charpy notched impact strength, -30°C	5.47	ftlb/in^2	ISO 179/1eA
Izod notched impact strength, 23°C	6.66	ftlb/in^2	ISO 180/1A
Izod notched impact strength, -40°C	5.23	ftlb/in^2	ISO 180/1A
Izod impact strength, 23°C	30.9	ftlb/in^2	ISO 180/1U
Poisson's ratio	0.34[A]		

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[A]: Assessed

Thermal properties

Melting temperature, 10°C/min	437	°F	ISO 11357-1/-3
Glass transition temperature, 10°C/min	149	°F	ISO 11357-1/-3
Temperature of deflection under load, 1.8 MPa	405	°F	ISO 75-1/-2
Temperature of deflection under load, 0.45 MPa	430	°F	ISO 75-1/-2
Vicat softening temperature, 50°C/h 50N	419	°F	ISO 306
Coefficient of linear thermal expansion (CLTE), parallel, -40-23°C	0.128	E-4/°F	ISO 11359-1/-2
Coefficient of linear thermal expansion (CLTE), normal	0.806[1]	E-4/°F	ISO 11359-1/-2
Coefficient of linear thermal expansion (CLTE), normal, -40-23°C	0.528	E-4/°F	ISO 11359-1/-2
Thermal conductivity of melt	0.28	W/(m K)	ISO 22007-2
Specific heat capacity of melt	1730	J/(kg K)	ISO 22007-4

[1]: 23°C to 150°C

Flammability

Burning Behav. at 1.5mm nom. thickn.	HB	class	IEC 60695-11-10
Thickness tested	0.0591	in	IEC 60695-11-10
Burning Behav. at thickness h	HB	class	IEC 60695-11-10
Thickness tested	0.0295	in	IEC 60695-11-10
UL recognition	yes		UL 94
Oxygen index	19	%	ISO 4589-1/-2
Glow Wire Flammability Index, 3.0mm	1380	°F	IEC 60695-2-12
FMVSS Class	B		ISO 3795 (FMVSS 302)
Burning rate, Thickness 1 mm	1.22	in/min	ISO 3795 (FMVSS 302)

Electrical properties

Relative permittivity, 100Hz	4.4		IEC 62631-2-1
Relative permittivity, 1MHz	4.1		IEC 62631-2-1
Dissipation factor, 100Hz	25	E-4	IEC 62631-2-1
Dissipation factor, 1MHz	200	E-4	IEC 62631-2-1
Volume resistivity	>1E13	Ohm.m	IEC 62631-3-1
Surface resistivity	1E13	Ohm	IEC 62631-3-2
Electric strength	1120	kV/in	IEC 60243-1
Comparative tracking index	450		IEC 60112
Electric Strength, Short Time, 1mm	787	V/mil	IEC 60243-1
Electric Strength, Short Time, 2mm	483	V/mil	IEC 60243-1

Physical/Other properties

Humidity absorption, 2mm	0.15	%	Sim. to ISO 62
Water absorption, 2mm	0.35	%	Sim. to ISO 62
Density	0.0542	lb/in^3	ISO 1183
Density of melt	80.5	lb/ft^3	

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Injection

Drying Recommended	yes	
Drying Temperature	248	°F
Drying Time, Dehumidified Dryer	2 - 4	h
Processing Moisture Content	≤0.04	%
Melt Temperature Optimum	482	°F
Min. melt temperature	464	°F
Max. melt temperature	500	°F
Mold Temperature Optimum	176	°F
Min. mold temperature	140	°F
Max. mold temperature	266	°F
Hold pressure range	≥8700	psi
Hold pressure time	0.0762	s/mil
Hold Pressure Time (h is the max. wall thickness of the part in mm)	h^2+2	s
Back pressure	as low as possible	psi
Ejection temperature	334	°F

Automotive

OEM	STANDARD	ADDITIONAL INFORMATION
Bosch	N28 BN07-GF019	
General Motors	GMW16459P-PBT-GF30W	
Hyundai	MS941-03 Type F-5 AH	
Stellantis	MS.90181 / PBT.GF30.7000T.7C.HS.HF.HR	CPN4615 NATURAL
Stellantis - Chrysler	MS.50103 / CPN-4615	Natural

Characteristics

Processing	Injection Molding
Additives	Release agent
Special characteristics	Hydrolysis resistant

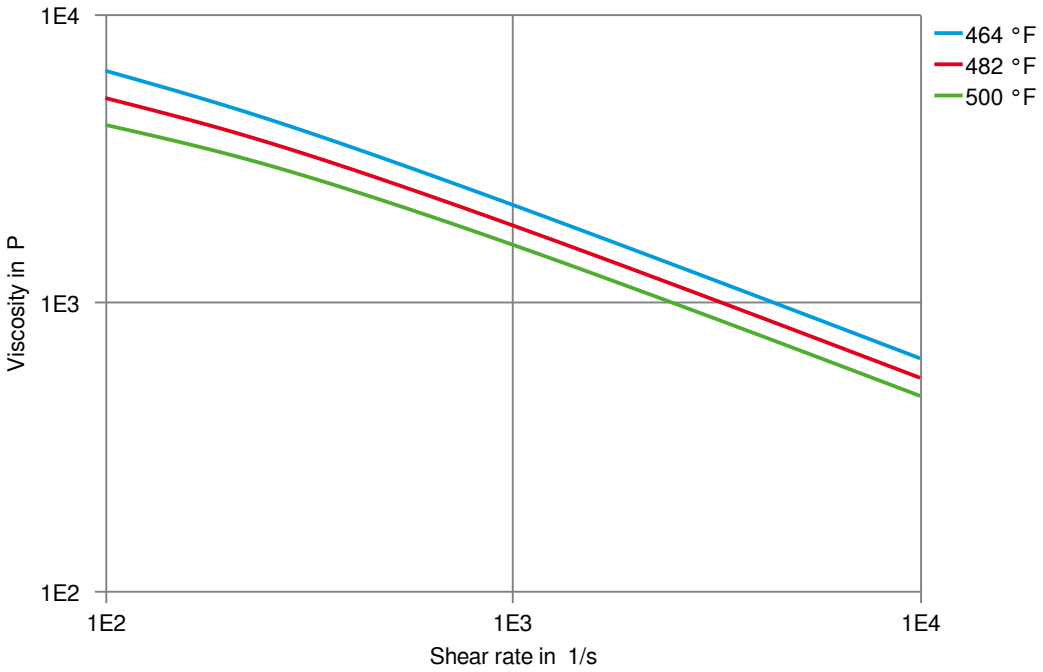
Additional information

Injection molding	Use of hot-runners is possible with Crastin® HR resins. However we do not recommend temperature settings above 270 °C and residence times at 265 °C should be below 10 minutes. In case of longer residence times using hot-runners, for example after a shut-down, the complete system must be purged with glass reinforced Crastin® (type SK602/605) before starting up again. For successful processing of Crastin® HR with hot-runners, care should be taken to maintain a uniform temperature, avoid hot-spots and long residence times.

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THERMOPLASTIC POLYESTER RESIN

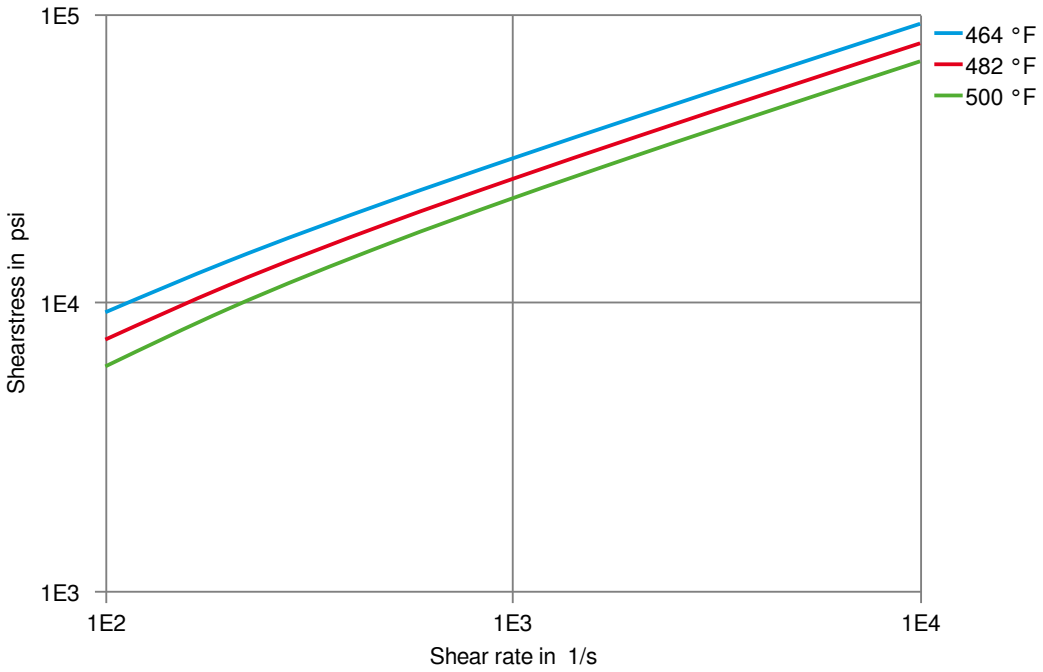
Viscosity-shear rate



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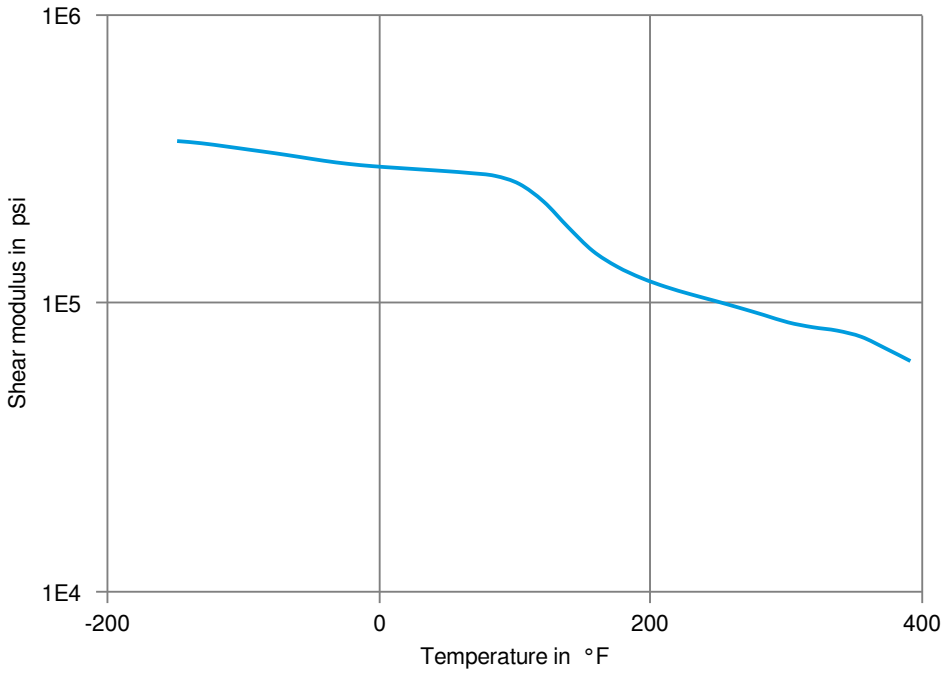
Shearstress-shear rate



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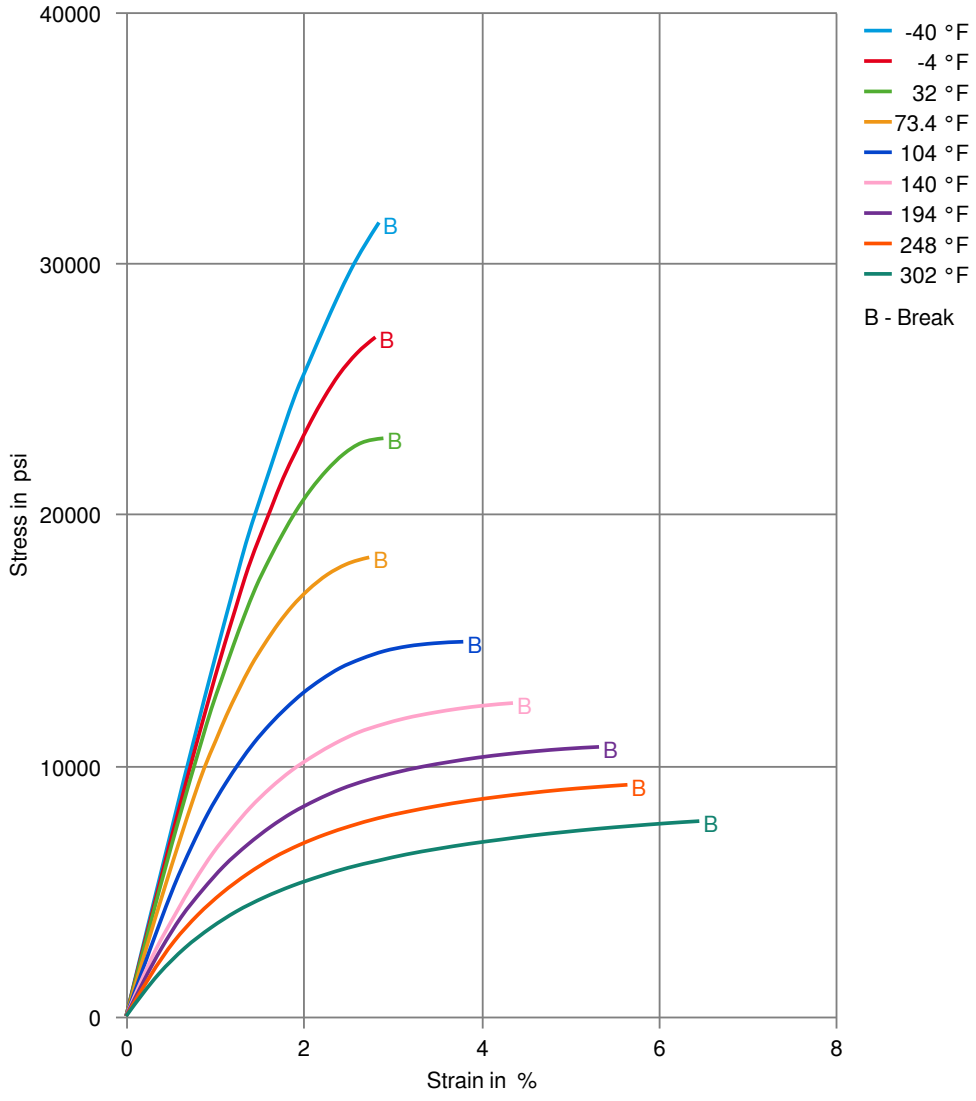
Dynamic Shear modulus-temperature



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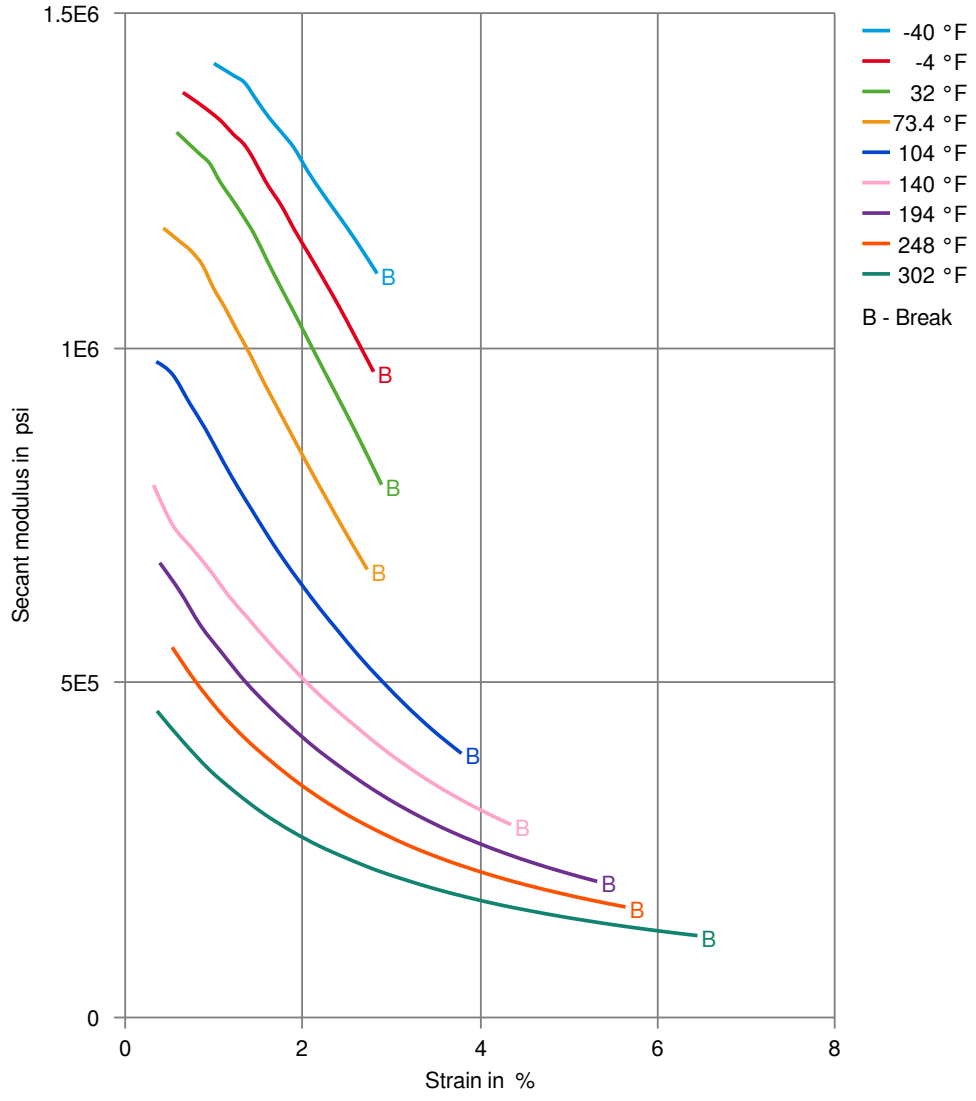
Stress-strain



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THERMOPLASTIC POLYESTER RESIN

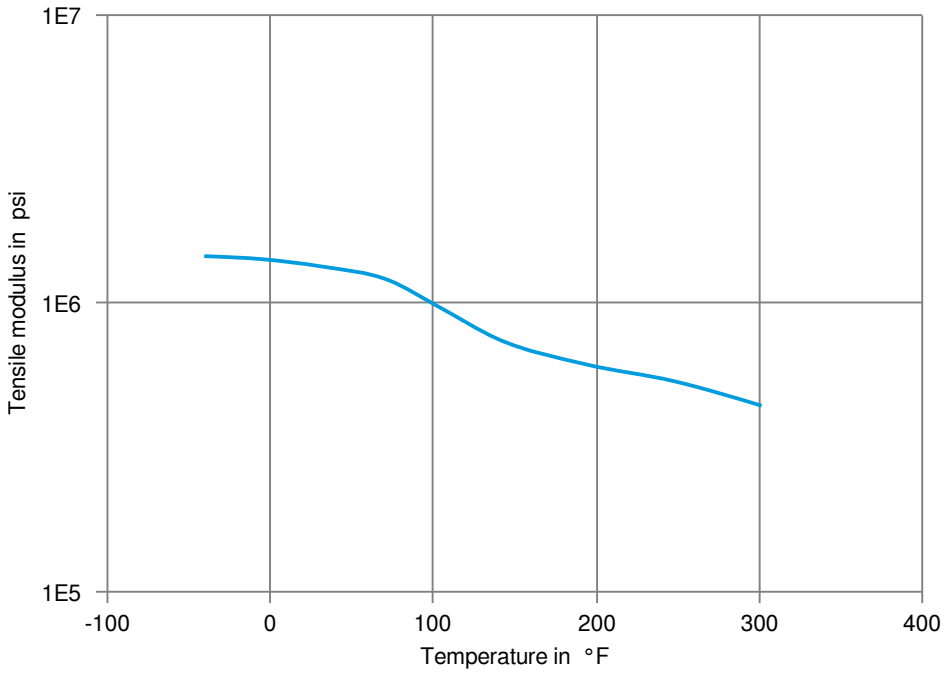
Secant modulus-strain



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Tensile modulus-temperature



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Chemical Media Resistance

Acids

- ✔ Acetic Acid (5% by mass), 23°C
- ✔ Citric Acid solution (10% by mass), 23°C
- ✔ Lactic Acid (10% by mass), 23°C
- ✘ Hydrochloric Acid (36% by mass), 23°C
- ✘ Nitric Acid (40% by mass), 23°C
- ✘ Sulfuric Acid (38% by mass), 23°C
- ✘ Sulfuric Acid (5% by mass), 23°C
- ✘ Chromic Acid solution (40% by mass), 23°C

Bases

- ✘ Sodium Hydroxide solution (35% by mass), 23°C
- ✔ Sodium Hydroxide solution (1% by mass), 23°C
- ✔ Ammonium Hydroxide solution (10% by mass), 23°C

Alcohols

- ✔ Isopropyl alcohol, 23°C
- ✔ Methanol, 23°C
- ✔ Ethanol, 23°C

Hydrocarbons

- ✔ n-Hexane, 23°C
- ✔ Toluene, 23°C
- ✔ iso-Octane, 23°C

Ketones

- ✔ Acetone, 23°C

Ethers

- ✔ Diethyl ether, 23°C

Mineral oils

- ✔ SAE 10W40 multigrade motor oil, 23°C
- ✘ SAE 10W40 multigrade motor oil, 130°C
- ✘ SAE 80/90 hypoid-gear oil, 130°C
- ✔ Insulating Oil, 23°C

Standard Fuels

- ✘ ISO 1817 Liquid 1 - E5, 60°C
- ✘ ISO 1817 Liquid 2 - M15E4, 60°C
- ✘ ISO 1817 Liquid 3 - M3E7, 60°C
- ✘ ISO 1817 Liquid 4 - M15, 60°C
- ✔ Standard fuel without alcohol (pref. ISO 1817 Liquid C), 23°C
- ✔ Standard fuel with alcohol (pref. ISO 1817 Liquid 4), 23°C
- ✔ Diesel fuel (pref. ISO 1817 Liquid F), 23°C
- ✔ Diesel fuel (pref. ISO 1817 Liquid F), 90°C
- ✘ Diesel fuel (pref. ISO 1817 Liquid F), >90°C

Salt solutions

- ✔ Sodium Chloride solution (10% by mass), 23°C
- ✔ Sodium Hypochlorite solution (10% by mass), 23°C

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- ✔ Sodium Carbonate solution (20% by mass), 23°C
- ✔ Sodium Carbonate solution (2% by mass), 23°C
- ✔ Zinc Chloride solution (50% by mass), 23°C

Other

- ✔ Ethyl Acetate, 23°C
- ✘ Hydrogen peroxide, 23°C
- ✘ DOT No. 4 Brake fluid, 130°C
- ✘ Ethylene Glycol (50% by mass) in water, 108°C
- ✔ 1% nonylphenoxy-polyethyleneoxy ethanol in water, 23°C
- ✔ 50% Oleic acid + 50% Olive Oil, 23°C
- ✔ Water, 23°C
- ✘ Water, 90°C
- ✔ Phenol solution (5% by mass), 23°C

Symbols used:

✔ possibly resistant
Defined as: Supplier has sufficient indication that contact with chemical can be potentially accepted under the intended use conditions and expected service life. Criteria for assessment have to be indicated (e.g. surface aspect, volume change, property change).

✘ not recommended - see explanation
Defined as: Not recommended for general use. However, short-term exposure under certain restricted conditions could be acceptable (e.g. fast cleaning with thorough rinsing, spills, wiping, vapor exposure).

Revised: 2026-08-12 Source: Celanese Materials Database

NOTICE TO USERS: Values shown are based on testing of laboratory test specimens and represent data that fall within the standard range of properties for natural material. These values alone do not represent a sufficient basis for any part design and are not intended for use in establishing maximum, minimum, or ranges of values for specification purposes. Colorants or other additives may cause significant variations in data values. Properties of molded parts can be influenced by a wide variety of factors including, but not limited to, material selection, additives, part design, processing conditions and environmental exposure. Other than those products expressly identified as medical grade (including by MT® product designation or otherwise), Celanese's products are not intended for use in medical or dental implants. Regardless of any such product designation, any determination of the suitability of a particular material and part design for any use contemplated by the users and the manner of such use is the sole responsibility of the users, who must assure themselves that the material as subsequently processed meets the needs of their particular product or use. To the best of our knowledge, the information contained in this publication is accurate; however, we do not assume any liability whatsoever for the accuracy and completeness of such information. The information contained in this publication should not be construed as a promise or guarantee of specific properties of our products. It is the sole responsibility of the users to investigate whether any existing patents are infringed by the use of the materials mentioned in this publication. Moreover, there is a need to reduce human exposure to many materials to the lowest practical limits in view of possible adverse effects. To the extent that any hazards may have been mentioned in this publication, we neither suggest nor guarantee that such hazards are the only ones that exist. We recommend that persons intending to rely on any recommendation or to use any equipment, processing technique or material mentioned in this publication should satisfy themselves that they can meet all applicable safety and health standards. We strongly recommend that users seek and adhere to the manufacturer's current instructions for handling each material they use, and entrust the handling of such material to adequately trained personnel only. Please call the telephone numbers listed for additional technical information. Call Customer Services for the appropriate Materials Safety Data Sheets (MSDS) before attempting to process our products.
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